SECTION 1

MBE Senior 2006

- 1. The Buddha is also known as
- ' Amattassa Data ' which means
- A. He is the giver of Happiness
- B. He is the giver of Compassion
- C. He is the giver of Deathlessness
- D. He is the giver of Health
- 2. "All conditioned things are impermanent, give rise to suffering and its subject are beyond our control". This refers to _____.
 - A. Self
 - B. Selflessness
 - C. impermanence
 - D. suffering
- 3. By what other names was Yasodhara known?
 - A. Visakha
 - B. Sujata
 - C. Bhadakaccana
 - D. Kisa Gotami
- 4. The two merchants, Tapassu & Bhallika who offered honey & flour to the Buddha after His Enlightenment came from
 - A. UkkalaB. UruvelaC.SavatthiD.Vesali
- 5. What are known as the Deva-Dhamma,

i.e. the two Laws that govern the behaviour of humans in this world.

- A. Loving kindness & Compassion
- B. Joy & Equanimity
- C. Morality & Meditation
- D. Shame & Fear
- 6. What was the last meal served to the Buddha before His attainment of Nibbana ?
 - A. Kiribhojana
 - B. Sukara Maddava
 - C. Pig meat

- D. elephant meat
- In Samma Sati,one has to be aware of _____.
 - A. Kaya, Sankhara, Cetasika & Viññana
 - B. Kaya, Vedana, Sañña & Viññana
 - C. Kaya, Vaca, Cetasika & Viññana
 - D. Kaya, Vedana, Citta & Dhamma
- 8. The fundamental units of nature as analysed by the Buddha are collectively known as _____.
 - A. Paññati
 - B. Paramatta.
 - C. Niyama
 - D. Sacca
- 9. If there is no-self, who is the doer of one's own Kamma?
 - A. Sañña
 - B. Sankhara
 - C. Viññana
 - D. Cetana
- 10. The Buddha had predicted that Ven. Devadatta will become a Pacceka Buddha in the future by the name of _____.
 - A. Sikhi
 - B. Metteya
 - C. Atthisara
 - D. Sumana
- 11. Which of the following may be said to be the reason for suffering.
 - A. Moha & Raga
 - B. Moha & Tanha

- C. Moha & Dosa
- D. Raga & Tanha
- 12. What are the causes that obstruct the meditator from attaining Samadhi
 - A. Greed, hatred, delusion, fear and wrong view
 - B. Jealousy, pride, doubt, desire and shameless
 - C. Ego, Rite & Ritual, sense-pleasure, restlessness & worry, ill-will
 - D. sense-pleasure, ill-will, sloth & torpor, restlessness & worry
- 13. The Buddha preached:-" If any one who does not support his / her own parents, he / she is known as outcast" What is the name of this Sutta?
 - A. Vasala Sutta
 - B. Parabhava Sutta
 - C. Kalama Sutta
 - D. Bhojjanga Sutta
- 14. The Ven. Sariputta attained Arahantship on hearing the Buddha preaching the Sutta to an ascetic. Who is this ascetic?
 - A. Naked Ascetic
 - B. Subhada the Ascetic
 - C. Dignanaka the Ascetic
 - D. Nigantha Nataputta the Ascetic
- 15. The Dhammapada is a collection of many verses uttered by the Buddha on various occasions. How many verses are there in this collection?
 - A. 523
 - B. 623
 - C. 723
 - D. 823
- 16. What are the Catu Brahma Viharas?
 - A. Metta, Karuna, Mudita, Upekkha
 - B. Metta, Karuna, Sukha, Upekkha
 - C. Sila, Samadhi, Pañña, Nibanna

- D. Dana, Sila, Bhavana, Pañña
- 17. What is the Pali term for the
 - "Five Hindrances"?
 - A. Panca Sila
 - B. Panca Khanda
 - C. Panca Bala
 - D. Panca Nivarana
- The Buddha preached these 2 suttas to the Five Asceties who later became Arahants.
 - A. Dhajjagha & Khandha Sutta
 - B. Dhammacakkapavatana & Anatta Lakkhana Sutta
 - C. Parabhava & Vasala Sutta
 - D. Ratana & Metta Sutta
- 19. Which disciple did not visit the Buddha even though he knew that the Teacher would attain Mahaparinibbana at the last watch of the night?
 - A. Subhada
 - B. Mahakassapa
 - C. Dhammarama
 - D. Anurudha
- 20. Which king ordered his own father to be killed because he harbored a grudge that his father never loved him as an infant nor cared for him when he was a child?
 - A. King Bimbisara
 - B. King Pasenadi Kosala
 - C. King Videha
 - D. King Ajatasattu

SECTION 2

(PART A)

- 1. In the Nava Guna Gatha (nine virtues stanza), Explain clearly all the Nine Virtues of the Buddha. Elaborate any two incidents which show His quality as 'Vijja Carana Sampanno'
- 2. The Buddha had 32 major characteristics on His body. Describe what are the characteristics. Give one Jataka story from His past life to give evidence for His development of one characteristic.
- 3. Please describe clearly how the Buddha met the three Kassapa brothers and preached the "Adittapariyaya Sutta" or "All in Flames". Explain the dhamma in this sutta completely in order to convert the three brothers.

(PART B)

- 4. Please explain clearly how the Panca Niyama (Five Nature Laws) that govern the law of nature in human realm; and not Kamma alone.
- 5. Explain fully in detail the Four Noble Truths as taught by the Buddha and how they will lead us to attain Enlightenment.
- 6. What are the Virtues of the Dhamma? Explain clearly how practising the Dhamma will give us insight to the 'Ti-Lakkhana-the three characteristics of life.

(PART C)

- 7. What are the nine virtues of the Sangha? Explain any one virtue and illustrate one virtue from the life of the Buddha's disciples.
- 8. Recollect the history of the past & present life of Chief disciple Ven. Saripputta Thero. Explain the virtues which were praised by the Buddha.
- 9. Trace clearly the events of the reason for conducting the Third Council which was presided by the Ven.Mogaliputta Tissa Thero which was held in Patna (Pataliputra) during the reign of King Asoka.

(PART D)

- 10. Some people die in coma (Bhavanga citta). What past evil kamma have they done in the past life? Explain by using the Buddha teaching how this is so.
- 11. What are the five conditions for breaking the precept of 'intoxicant drink ' or liquor. If you break the fifth precept you break all the four other precepts by giving an illustration of a story to prove it.
- 12. We are taught to radiate loving-kindness (metta) towards all living beings. What are the 12 benefits for practising metta. However, some assert that this is a negative

attitude for we are only saying it but not doing it. Explain how would you defend the Buddha's stand point?