1.	When did Ascetic Gotama attain	8. When did King Suddhodana salute his
	"Supreme Enlightenment"?	son for the second time?
	A. 594BC	A. Naming Ceremony
	B. 623BC	B. Kaladevala's Visit
	C. 588BC	C. Plonghing Festival
	D. 543BC	D. Prediction of Kondanna
2.	One who follows the Precepts is said to	9. The Buddha said,
	be practising Sila.	"in mid-ocean was I,
	A. Varitta	not seeing the shores
	B. Viriya	All the people perished too,
	C. Caritta	Still my mind did not waver
	D. Panna	This is my Perfection of"
	2. 1	A. Determination
3	Sakadagami is a	B. Effort
٥.	A. Stream enterer	C. Morality
	B. Once Returner	D. Patience
	C. Never Returner	D. Tatteffee
	D. Private Buddha	10. The Temiya Istaka is used to illustate
	D. Filvate Buddila	10. The Temiya Jataka is used to illustate the Parami.
4.	The first discourse of Lord Buddha	A. Khanti
	touches on:	B. Panna
	A. All in Flames	C. Sila
	B. Anatta	D. Adhitthana
	C. Highest Blessings	
	D. 4 Noble Truths	11 Parami is practised to keep our
		minds balanced against the 8
5.	Parami means	Vicissitudes of Life.
	A. Loving-kindness	A. Metta
	B. Blessings	B. Sila
	C. Jewels	C. Upekkha
	D. Perfection	D. Panna
6.	The advice of all the Buddhas:	12. The Special Ordination performed for
	A. Avoid evil, do good and purify	Ven. Angulimala was named
	the mind	A. Ettadagami Bhikkhave
	B. Avoid extremes and follow the	B. Ehi Bhikkhu Pabbajja
	Middle Path	C. Evam me sutam
	C. Avoid evil and strive on	D. Appamadena Sampadetha
	D. Practise My Dhamma	D. Appamacena Sampacena
	•	13. The 3 main objects of Veneration are
7.	What was the first moral lesson the	·
	Buddha taught humanity after attaining	A. Buddha Image, Pagoda and Monk
	Supreme Enlightenment?	B. Buddha Image, Pagoda and Great
	A. Loving-kindness	Bodhi tree
	B. Gratitude	C. Buddha, Dhamma and Sangha
	C. Peace	D. Buddha, Pagoda and Great Bodhi
	D. Happiness	tree

14. What is the 3 rd Parami?	21. Who was Chief among Buddha's
A. Mudita	Disciples on matters pertaining to the
B. Panna	Vinaya discipline? Ven
C. Nekkhamma	A. Upali
D. Sila	B. Sumita
	C. Angulimala
15. What is Samsara?	D. Mahakassapa
A. Cycle of birth and death	D. Manakassapa
B. Dependent Origination	
C. Cause and Effect	22. Lord Buddha converted the 3 Kassapa
D. Plane of existence	-
D. Flane of existence	Brothers who were fomerly
16 TEL 2 1'1 1 1' 11 14	A. Matted hair ascetics
16. The 3 vehicles when achieved lead to	B. Naked ascetics
Nibbana are	C. Fire worshippers
A. Bodhisatta, Mahasatta, Arahant	D. Sun worshippers
B. Sakadagami, Anagami, Arahant	
C. Theravada, Mahayana, Vajrayana	23. What is another word for Mara?
D. Savaka, Pacceka Buddha, Samma	A. Dukkha
Sambuddha	B. Nivarana
	C. Sotapatti
17. A white elephant was mentioned in the	D. Namuci
Jataka.	
A. Temiya	24. Who took over the leadership of the
B. Lomahamsa	Sangha after the Buddha's Maha
C. Samkhapala	Parinibbana? Ven
D. Vessantara	A. Sariputta
D. Vessantara	-
18. What are the 3 roots of evil?	B. Upali
	C. Mahakassapa
A. Sloth, torpor and delusion	D. Nanda
B. Desire, hatred and laziness	25 MH (0 MT
C. Desire, hatred and delusion	25. What is '8 Vicissitudes of Life" in Pali?
D. Desire, slander and delusion	A. Atthanga Sila
	B. Attha Loka Dhamma
19. What are the 3 Characteristics?	C. Ariya Atthangika Magga
A. Impermanence, Suffering and	D. None of the above
Ignorance	
B. Impermanence, Suffering and	
Egolessness	26. "In this blind world, I shall beat the
C. Impermanence, Loss and	drum of Deathlessness." When did
Egolesssness	Sakyamuni Buddha say it?
D. Impermanence, Ill-will and	A. After He was entreated by
Torpor	Brahma Sahampati for the third
Torpor	time.
20. Which relative of Prince Siddhattha	
	B. 7 weeks after His Supreme
would become a Pacceka Buddha in	Enlightenment
the remote future?	C. When He met Upaka on "the
A. Nanda	way" to Benares
B. Yasodhara	D. When He preached the Dhamma
C. Devadatta	to the 5 ascetics
D. Ananda	

27. Why was the Buddha called 'acchariya manussa'? He was A. the King of India B. helped people C. an extraordinary man D. saluted twice by His father	 34. Which is false about Kamma? A. Kamma is the law of moral causation B. Kamma means good and bad volition C. Buddhas and Arahants do not accumulate fresh Kamma D. Kamma is preached by the
28. What did King Bimbisara donate to the Buddha and His Disciples?	Buddha
A. JetavanaramaB. 8 Requisites of a MonkC. His kingdomD. Veluvanarama	35. What can't be seized by kings, stolen by thieves, carried off by the elements and disposed off by bad heir? A. Wealth B. Kamma C. Kings
29. What is Right Livelihood in Pali? A. Samma Sankappa	D. Enemies
A. Sanina Sankappa B. Samma Ajiva C. Samma Sati D. Samma Vaca	 36. Which of the following is subject to rebirth in the Pure Abodes? A. Sotapana B. Sakadagami C. Anagami D. Arahant
·	
A. Brahma worldsB. AttachmentC. the end of sorrowD. wealth	37. Which of the following is not the title for Lord Buddha? A. Tathagatha B. The Exalted One
31. The direct enemy of Metta is	C. A Fully Enlightened OneD. Deathless One
A. PassionB. Ill-willC. DoubtD. Tolerance	38. The youngest person to be admitted into the Noble Order was Ven A. Kondanna B. Rahula
32. Which of the following expressions does not refer to the Arahant? A. Anxious	C. Ananda D. Yasa
B. SecureC. SorrowlessD. Stainless	39. Who converted Sariputta to Buddhism?A. KondannaB. AnandaC. AssajiD. Rahula
33. Buddhists observe 5 Precepts daily. Which precept can help us maintain a	40. Princess Yasodhara was also known as
sober and alert mind at all times? A. 4 th B. 5 th C. 3 rd	A. Bhaddakaccana B. Uppalavana C. Pamita
D. 1 st	D. Khema

41. The first virtue of the Dhamma is	48. "All living beings are subject to birth,
·	old age, sickness and death." This is
A. Svakkhato	the Noble Truth.
B. Akaliko	A. 1 st
C. Ehipassiko	B. 2 nd
D. Sanditthiko	C. 3 rd
	D. 4 th
42. Prince Siddhattha stopped at the	
after he left his palace.	49. The Dhammapada states, "From
A. bank of River Anoma	springs grief, from springs
B. market town of Senani	fear."
C. city of Rajagaha	A. greed, ill-will
D. city of Kushinagara	B. craving, craving
	C. ill-will, delusion
43. Which one of the following is false	D. hatred, hatred
about Anathapindika?	
A. He was called 'Feeder of the	50. One who practises does not
Helpless'	withhold one's undertakings part-way
B. He was a millionaire	on account of obstacles,
C. He was Lord Buddha's main	disappointments or laziness.
supporter	A. Sila
D. He was Lord Buddha's first lay	B. Dana
disciple	C. Viriya
discipio	D. Samadhi
44. Who attained Arahantship after	D. Sumudin
listening the Adittapariyaya Sutta (All	51. If anyone offends or assaults the
in Flames)?	Bodhisatta, the Bodhisatta will
A. The 3 Kassapa brothers and their	A. Be happy
disciples	B. Become angry
B. King Bimbisara and his followers	C. Seek revenge
C. The Thirty Young Men	D. Extend thoughts of loving-
D. Ven. Yasa and his 54 friends	kindness and compassion to him
D. Ven. Lasa and his 54 mends	kindness and compassion to inin
45. Angulimala was ordered to fetch a	52. Lord Buddha lies on and sleeps
thousand human by his teacher.	for a while with mindfulness.
A. garlands	A. His right side
B. eyes	B. His left side
C. fingers	C. His back
D. hands	D. His chest
46 are the line of conduct for	53. The 2 main causes of kamma are:
Enlightenment.	A. Killing and lying
A. 8 Precepts	B. Name and fame
B. 10 Perfections	C. Ignorance and craving
C. 10 Wholesome Deeds	D. Drunkeness and stealing
D. 10 Precepts	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2
2. To Treespus	54. 'Much learning' in Mangala Sutta
47. Which Pali word means 'to let go of	refers to:
sensual pleasures'?	A. studying hard
A. Sacca	B. constantly reading books
B. Khanti	C. acquiring worldly knowledge
C. Viriya	D. possess Buddha Dhamma
D. Nekkhamma	knowledge
D. INKKIIGIIIIIG	KIIOWICUZC

55 Which are is not a condition for	62. The colours of the Duddhist flor one.
55. Which one is not a condition for	62. The colours of the Buddhist flag are:
conducting destruction of life?	I. Blue
A. An object	II. Resplendent
B. Intention to kill	III. White
C. A living being	
D. Effort to kill	63. By harbouring Loving-kindness in
	one's mind, it gives one
	 Calm and peace
For questions 56-75, select :	II. True friends
A. if I is correct	III. The ability to differentiate
B. if I & II are correct	between wholesome and evil
C. if III is correct	deeds
D. if I, II & III are all correct	
2	64. Which Arahants are known as 'General
	of the Dhamma' and 'Treasurer of the
56. Select the correct match.	Dhamma' respectively?
I. Sacca - Truthfulness	
	I. Ven. Sanputta and Ven. Ananda
II. Upekkha - Equanimity III. Khanti - patience	II. Ven. Moggallana and Ven.
III. Khanti - patience	Angulimala
77 D 111 11 111 11 C	III. Ven. Ananda and Ven. Sanputta
57. Buddha called Himself a Conqueror	
because	65. Which is profitless practice?
I. He conquered all the evil	I. Constant attachment to sense
conditions	pleasures
II. He destroyed all defilements	II. Constant addiction to self
III. He conquered other countries	mortification
	III. Constant practice of the Majjhima
58. Among Mara's army were	Patipada
I. Sloth and Torpor	
II. Fear	
III. Dana	66 is the light of Truth which
	dispels the darkness of ignorance.
59. Mundane wisdom can be achieved	I. Panna
through	II. Sacca
I. Attainment of Jhanas	III. Viriya
II. Travelling far and wide	,
III. Listening to the Buddha Dhamma	67. Among Lord Buddha's sayings is/are:
	I. You yourselves should make the
60. The Buddha is called 'Sabbannu'	effort, the Tathagatas are only
(Omniscient) because He	teachers
I. was the most profound thinker	II. By deeds is one an outcast, by
II. was the most compassionate	deeds is one a Brahmin
teacher	III. Strive on heedfully
III. knew everything that ought to be	in. Surve on needlary
, , ,	
known	CO. The binders are to entire time of
(1 D. J.H: 1 (9N) - 4 1 1 27 I4	68. The hindrances to cultivation of
61. Buddha said, "No teacher have I." It	spiritual advancement are:
actually means	I. Sense desires
I. No one could teach Him	II. Torpor
II. His teachers left Him	III. Khanti
III. He comprehended everything by	
Himself	

69. Which is incorrect?

- I. The Buddha is 'Sabbanu' Omniscient
- II. The Buddha 'abolished' slavery
- III. The Buddha tried hard to enlighten everyone
- 70. What is the best possible way to respect the Buddha?
 - I. By paying homage to Him regularly
 - II. By chanting prayers regularly
 - III. By practising His Teachings
- 71. Pick the wrong pair
 - I. Ven. Ananda chief among those with great intelligence
 - II. Ven. Sariputta ordained Prince Rahula
 - III. Ven. Angulimala received a special ordination 'Ehi Bhikkhu Pabbajja'.
- 72. Pick the **correct** pair of the Pali word and its meaning.
 - I. Pattanumodana Rejoicing in others' merits
 - II. Veyyavacca Cause of Noble Parentage
 - III. Dhammadesana Listening to the Doctrine

- 73. Among the 8 Chief Rules that Bhikkhunis must observe are:
 - I. Every fortnight a nun should ask from the Order of Monks the time of Uposatha meeting and when a Bhikkhu would come to admonish them.
 - II. The Pavarana ceremony after the Retreat should be held by a nun in the presence of both Bhikkhus and Bhikkhunis.
 - III. A nun should not spend a Retreat in a place where there is no Bhikkhu.
- 74. In which year(s) of the Buddha's Ministry did He spend His Vas in Caliya Rock?
 - I. 13th
 - II. 18th
 - III. 20^{th}
- 75. Dhammacakkhu refers to _____.
 - I. Arahant
 - II. Pacceka Buddha
 - III. Anagami