03 / JUNIOR EXAM 2005

1.Who was the buddha's father?		
A. King Sukkodana	B. King Suddhodana	
C. King Sakkodana.	D. King Dhotodana	

- 2. The Buddha was born in the Lumbini Park atA. BenaresB. UruvelaC. RajagahaD. Kapilavatthu
- 3. At the Ploughing Festival, the young Prince Siddhattha developed the ______ Jhana.
 A. First B. Second C. Third D. Fourth
- 4. The four sights which caught the eyes of Prince Siddhattha while he went outside the palace were an old man, a sick man, a corpse and a _____.
 A. Brahmin B. poor man C. deva D. hermit
- 5. The ascetic Siddhattha left his teachers, Alara Kalama and Uddaka Ramaputta after mastering their doctrines because _____.
 - A. the teachers were envious of him.
 - B. Their disciples were envious of him.
 - C. He realized that their systems could not lead him to Nibbana.
 - D. He wanted to start practising austerity.
- 6. The Buddha attained buddhahood at the age of
A. 29D. 80B. 30C. 35D. 80
- 7. All of the following are true except_
 - A. The Buddha became enlightened at Isipatana
 - B. The Buddha was an extraordinary man
 - C. The Buddha ministered to the sick that were deserted
 - D. The Buddha taught the equality of mankind.
- 8. Mucalinda, the serpent-king sheltered the Buddha from the rain throughout the ____ week after His Enlightenment.
 A. fourth B. fifth C. sixth D. seventh
- 9. Tapassu and Bhallika offered ______ to the Buddha after His Enlightenment.A. milk-porridge B. flour and honeycomb
 - C. stone bowls D. milk and honey
- Before the Buddha attained Enlightenment, the Bodhi tree was called the _____ tree.
 A. Banyan B. Naga C. Sala D. Pippala
- 11. Brahma Sahampati invited the Buddha to expound the Dhamma for _____.
 - A. The Buddha should let people know about His achievement
 - B. there will be those who will understand the Doctrine
 - C. others have the right to listen to the Doctrine
 - D. he himself was interested to hear about it.
- 12. The first discourse delivered by the Buddha was the ______ Sutta.
 - A. Dhammacakkappavattana
 - B. Vedana Pariggaha
 - C. Anattalakkhana
 - D. Adittapariyaya

13.	. The Bamboo Grove was off His disciples by	fered to the Buddha and
	A. King Kosala	B. King Ajatasattu
	C. King Bimbisara	D. Anathapindika
14.	. Ven was appointed Sangha.	d the first disciple in the
	A. Kondanna C. Moggallana	B. Mahakassapa D. Sariputta
15	. King Bimbisara was the rule	er of
	A. Kosala	B. Magadha
	C. Avanti	D. Assaka
16	. Rahula was ordained at the A. 5 B. 6	e age of C. 7 D. 8
17.	. Ven was chosen to	rehearse the Dhamma
	at the First Council.	
	A. Mahakassapa C. Upali	B. Ananda D. Nanda
10	. "Evam me Sutam" means _	
10.	A. Thus have I heard	B. Come, O Bhikkhus
	C. To purify one's mind	
19.	. Devadatta will become	in the remote future.
	A. an Anagami	B. an arahant
	C. a Bodhisatta	D. a Pacceka Buddha
20.	. Among the following, who v an arahant?	vas the last to become
	A. Ven.Assaji	B.Ven. Kondanna
	C. Ven.Sariputta	D. Ven. Moggallana
21.	. Venerable Ananda attained he was	Arahantship while
	A. standing	B. walking
	C. about to lie down	D. lying
22.	. How many times will a Saka	
	on earth before attaining Ar	-
	A. once C. five times	B. twice D. seven times
	C. live times	D. seven times
23.	was the chief benefa	actress of the buddha.
	A. Anathapindika	B. Visakha
	C. Sumana	D. Maha Subhadda
24.	. Angulimala killed people	
	A. to rob them of the belor	ngings
	B. To collect their toes	
	C. To collect their fingersD. For the fun of it	
25.	. Major offences of a nun sho	
	by the Order of	
	A. novice	

- B. Bhikkhus
- C. Bhikkunis
- D. both Bhikkhus and Bhikkunis

- 26. The rules that Devadatta requested the Buddha to enforce comprised the following except
 - A. monks should live on alms begged
 - B. monks should wear Pamsukula robes
 - C. monks should live at the foot of a tree.
 - D. Monks should take only one meal a day.
- 27. After death, Anathapindika was reborn in the _____. B. Tusita Heaven A. Tavatimsa Heaven
 - C. Yama Heaven D. Pure Abodes
- 28. The Buddha cited the _____ Jataka when he met Yasodhara again. A. Candakinnara B. Vessantara
 - C. Sassa
- D. Maha Narada Kassapa
- 29. The two extremes which should be avoided during cultivation are the constant attachment to .
 - A. gain and loss
 - B. praise and blame
 - C. honour and dishonour
 - D. sensual pleasures and self-mortification.
- 30. The Buddha preached "Do not accept anything on mere hearsay....." to_____. A. Anathapindika B. the Kalamas of Kessaputta C. King Bimbisara D. Yasa
- 31. Ven. Moggallana was famous for his _____ A. Ascetic practisesB. Retentive memoryC. Psychic powersD. wisdom
- 32. _____ the Buddha surveyed the world with His Divine Eve to see whom he could help.
 - A. Early in the morning
 - B. After the noon meal
 - C. Towards the evening
 - D. During the First Watch
- 33. The Buddha is called Sabbannu-Omniscient because .
 - A. He was the profoundest of thinkers
 - B. He was the most compassionate teacher
 - C. He knew everything that ought to be known
 - D. He was the most successful reformer
- 34. Who was a barber before entering the Order? A. Sati B. Upali C. Ambapali D. Sunita
- 35. Pick the ' incorrect ' statement.
 - A. The Buddha regarded women as weak by nature
 - B. Women can also attain Sainthood.
 - C. The Buddha attempted to abolish slavery
 - D. By birth is one an outcast.
- 36. "The Realm of Nothingness" is the _____ Arupa Jhana. B. Second C. Third D. Fourth A. First
- 37. " In whatever Dispensation there exists the ____ there are also to be found the Samanas" said the Buddha to Subhadda. B. Noble Eightfold Path A. meritorious deeds
 - C. precepts
- D. Brahma Viharas

- 38. What were the last words of the Buddha?
 - A. All component things are subject to decay. Strive on with diligence
 - B. Life is suffering. Nibbana is bliss.
 - C. Avoid evil, do good and purify your mind.
 - D. The Doctrine and Discipline taught by me will be your teacher.
- 39. The Buddha's last meal was offered by
 - B. Anuruddha A. Ananda C. Subhadda D. Cunda
- 40. When was the Tipitaka first written? A. 60 B.C. B. 80 B.C. C. 330 B.C. D. 543 B.C D. 543 B.C.
- 41. The Mangala Sutta is about _____ A. blessingsB. loving kindnessC. protectionD. cause and effect D. cause and effect
- 42. Which is not the Highest Blessing?
 - A. To cease and abstain from evil
 - B. The support of parents
 - C. The opportunity t hear the DhammaC. To always able to get one's way
- 43. What do you mean by "Sadhu "?
 - A. homage B. Sutta
 - C. Jatakas D. Abhidhamma
- 44. Which is not found in the Tipitaka ? A. Vinava B. Sutta C. Jatakas D. Abhidhamma
- 45. " to abstain from taking things not given " is the _____ of the Five Precepts. B. second A. first C. third D. fourth
- 46. What do we eradicate by practising Dana? A. selfishness B. hatred C. Ignorance D. bad luck
- 47. ' Viriya ' means _____ A. Determination B. Renunciation C. Perseverance D. Equanimity
- 48. How long did the Buddha's ministry last? A. 35 yearsB. 45 yearsC. 80 yearsD. a kappa C. 80 years D. a kappa
- 49. What is the most important preliminary step towards the progress of spiritual life?
 - A. Dana B. Panna
 - C. Samadhi D. Sila
- 50. In the Makhadeva Jataka, King Makhadeva renounced the world to go to the forest to meditate. He was fulfilling the _____ Paramita. A. Dana B. Adhitthana
 - C. Nekkhamma D. Upekkha

	By controlling one's temper through the right understanding of the real nature of life, one is	
practising	:	
A. Khanti	B. Panna	
C. Sila	D. Upekkha	

- 52. In the _____ Jataka, to avoid becoming a king, the prince had pretended to be deaf, dumb and a cripple.
 A. Senaka B. Samkhapala
 C. Temiya D. Lomahamsa
- 53. Which of the following is <u>not</u> one of the three characteristics of life taught by the Buddha?A. dukkha B. anicca C. anatta D. lobha
- 54. Which of the following deals with the discipline of monks and nuns?A. the AbhidhammaC. the JatakaD. the Sutta
- 55. Why do we seek refuge in the Buddha?
 - A. He will protect us
 - B. He will answer all our prayers
 - C. He taught us the way to end all suffering
 - D. He is the All-Knowing One

For questions 56 to 75 chooseA. If I, II and III are correctB. If I & II are correctC. If only I is correctD. If II & III are correct

- 56. The Buddha is ____
 - I. the holiest of Holies
 - II. the Fully Enlightened One
 - III. the All-Knowing One
- 57. Pick the <u>correct</u> statement.
 - I. Siddhattha means ' wishfulfilled '
 - II. Prince Siddhattha was of Sakya Clan
 - III. Maha Pajapati was Prince Siddhattha's mother
- 58. Who had predicted that Prince Siddhattha would eventually become a Buddha?I. Alara Kalama II. Kondanna III. Asita
- 59. Which was true about Princess Yasodhara?
 - I. she married Prince Siddhattha at the age of sixteen
 - II. Devadatta was her brother
 - III. she eventually left home and become an arahant
- 60. Among the five ascetics who had attended on the ascetic Gotama at Uruvela were _____. I. Bhalluka II. Bhaddiya III. Assaji
- 61. Among the Mara's army were _____. I. Sloth and Torpor II. Fear III. Upekkha
- 62. In the First watch of the night of His Enlightenment, the Buddha _____.
 - I. remembered His past lives
 - II. destroyed all passions
 - III. comprehended things as they truly one

- 63. Among the Buddha's sayings to Mucalinda were:
 - I. "The suppression of the 'I am ' conceit is the highest happiness."
 - II. "Happy is seclusion to him who is contented"
 - III. "Happy in this world is non-attachment"
- 64. The Middle Path is _
 - I. the Noble Eightfold Path
 - II. the Four Noble Truths
 - III. the law of Dependent Arising
- 65. Before meeting the Buddha, the three Kassapa Brothers _____.
 - I. lived at Isipatana II.were matted-hair ascetics
 - III. practised fire-worship
- 66. An Arahant is___
 - I. one who has attained Enlightenment without any spiritual assistance from outside sources.
 - II. A worthy One
 - III. One who has attained the fourth stage of Sainthood.
- 67. The Buddha spent His last 25 years of rainy retreats at ______.I. Jetavana Monastery
 - II. Pubbarama III. Bamboo Grove
- 68. Who had predeceased the Buddha ? I. Rahula II. Sariputta III. Yasodhara
- 69. " Musavada Veramani Sikkhapadam Samadiyami " is _____.
 - I. The fourth precept in the Eight Precepts
 - II. The third precept in the Five Precepts.
 - III. The fifth precept in the Eight Precepts
- 70. Akusala Kamma or evil actions which are caused by deeds include_____.I. Misconduct II. killing III. Stealing
- 71. Nibbana can be reached through ______.
 - I. Pacceka Buddhahood
 - II. Arahantship
 - III. Brahmahood
- 72. Mundane wisdom can be developed through_____
 - I. Listening to the Dhamma
 - II. Travelling far and wide
 - III. Attainment of Sotapanna
- 73. The four sublime states of mind include_____. I. Patience II. Equanimity III. Sympathetic joy
- 74.The Buddha in His past life as Sumedha Pandit_____ I. had decided to fulfill the Perfection of Resolution II. had decided to fulfil the Perfection of Truth
 - III. was assured by Buddha Dipankara that he would attain Buddhahood in the future.
- 75. The ten meritorious deeds include_____
 - I. practising of equanimity
 - II. Mental culture
 - III. Rejoicing in others' merits