



25. When the Bodhisatta destroyed all passions, and understood the Four Noble Truths, he became a \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Sotapanna                      B. Anagami  
 C. Sakadagami                    D. Samma Sambuddha
26. What was the first lesson the Buddha taught to the world?  
 A. The great lesson of Gratitude      B. Meditation  
 C. Enlightenment                      D. Wheel of life
27. What is the meaning of “Abdhidhamma” ?  
 A. Ordinary Dhamma                    B. Higher Dhamma  
 C. To preach the Dhamma              D. Book on Dhamma
28. According to Buddhism, what is the cause of suffering?  
 A. craving                                B. penances  
 C. birth                                    D. self-motification
29. What will be the name of the future Buddha?  
 A. Siddhattha                            B. Gotama  
 C. Tathagata                            D. Metteya
30. The Buddha preached His first sermon to  
 A. Alara Kalama and Uddaka Ramaputta  
 B. Sariputta and Moggallana  
 C. Tapassu and Bhallika  
 D. The five monks who attended on Him
31. The first sutta preached by the Buddha was Dhammacakka Sutta. What does Dhammacakka mean?  
 A. Four Noble Truths                    B. Peace and Truth  
 C. The wheel of Truth                    D. Middle Path
32. The Buddha started His first sermon by advising the monks  
 A. to meditate  
 B. to give up all their belongings  
 C. to practise many penances  
 D. to give up the two extremes of self-indulgence and self-motification
33. The Middle Path discovered by the Buddha is known as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Majjhima Patipada                    B. Tisarana  
 C. Appamadena Sampadetha            D. Dhammapada
34. The Pali term for ‘Right Understanding’ is  
 A. Samma Vaca                            B. Samma Ajiva  
 C. Samma Ditthi                            D. Samma Samkappa
35. “Samma Vayama” is  
 A. Right Effort                            B. Right Concentration  
 C. Right Livehood                        D. Right Mindfulness
36. Who understood the Dhamma and became a Sotopanna after hearing the Buddha’s first sermon?  
 A. Alara Kalama                          B. Anathapindika  
 C. Sariputta                                D. Kondanna
37. Which sutta deals with “No-Soul” ?  
 A. Dhammacakka Sutta                    B. Anattalakkhana Sutta  
 C. Ratana Sutta                            D. Jaya Mangala Sutta
38. Who was the chief opponent of the Buddha?  
 A. Ananda                                B. Devadatta  
 C. Angulimala                            D. Moggallana
39. Who introduced the teaching on the law of cause and effect to Sariputta?  
 A. Assaji                                    B. Moggallana  
 C. Kaludayi                                D. Ananda
40. Who offered the Veluvanarama (Bamboo Grove) to the Buddha and His Sangha?  
 A. Visakha                                B. Anathapindika  
 C. King Bimbisara                        D. King Kosala
41. He who attains the third stage of sainthood is known as \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Sotapanna                                B. Arahant  
 C. Sakadagami                            D. Anagami
42. “Adinnadana veramani sikkhapadam samadiyami” is the \_\_\_\_\_ precept.  
 A. first                                      B. second  
 C. third                                      D. fourth
43. The fifth of the five precepts is not to \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. steal                                      B. kill  
 C. lie                                        D. drink liquor
44. A person giving up lying will become  
 A. truthful and trustful  
 B. rich and beautiful  
 C. kind and full of pity  
 D. careful
45. Papa or Akusala is the Pali word for  
 A. evil                                        B. hatred  
 C. lust                                        D. ignorance
46. Which of the following is not considered as merit?  
 A. Dana                                      B. Lobha  
 C. Sila                                        D. Bhavana
47. Selfishness can be given up by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. morality                                B. meditation  
 C. propagating of Dhamma              D. generosity
48. Which of the following evil is not caused by word?  
 A. lying                                      B. anger  
 C. slandering                                D. vain talk
49. “Sabba papassa akaranam” means  
 A. worship images and trees  
 B. respect to the teachers  
 C. homage to the Buddha, Dhamma and Sangha  
 D. not to do all type of evil
50. The pali word for the Three Refuges is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Tisarana                                B. Tipitaka  
 C. Upasaka                                D. Sikkhapada